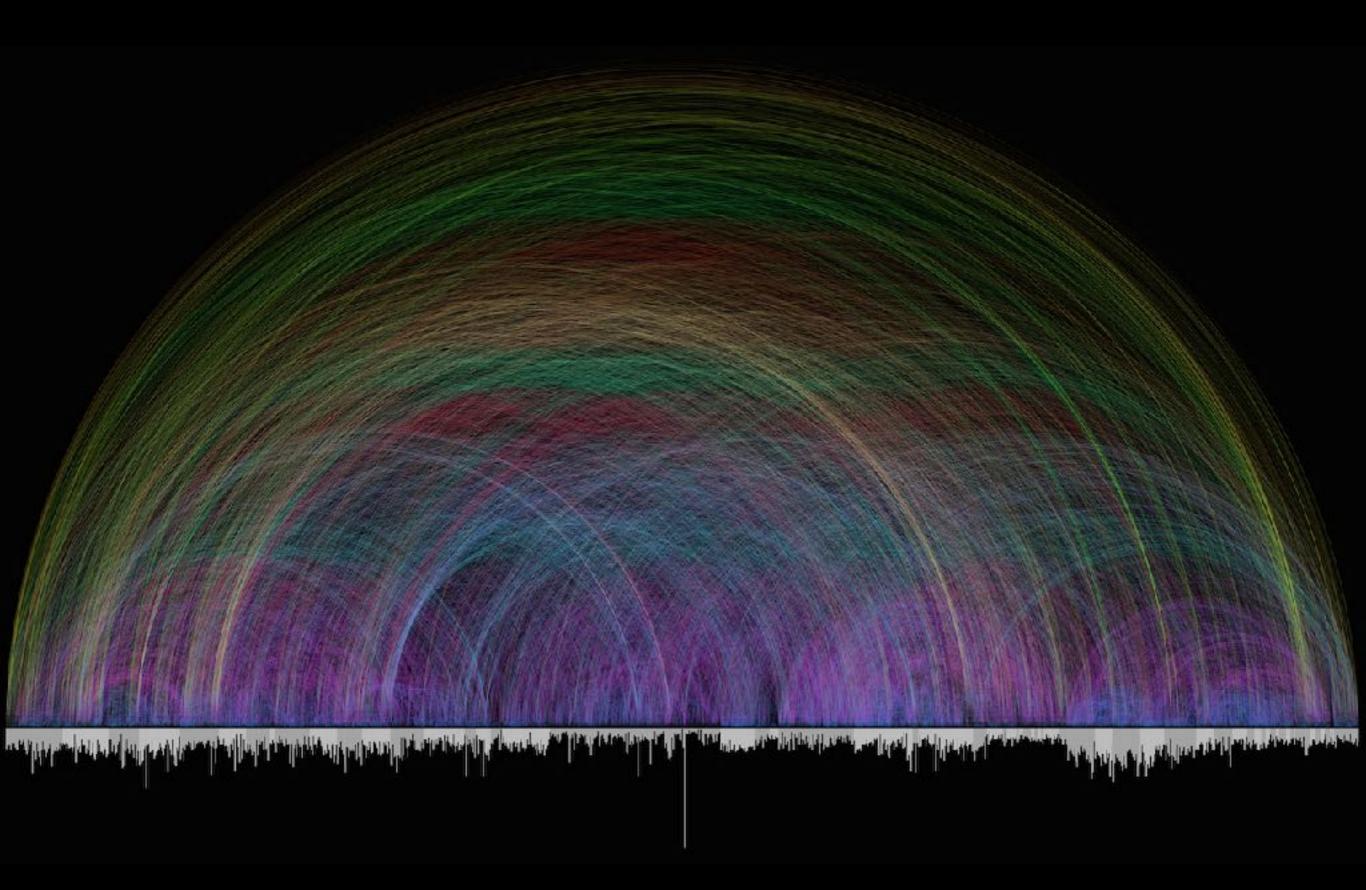
The Messianic Hope Old Testament Foundation The Gospel According to Abraham

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New Testament Foundation Found in the Old Testament

- Provides a verification of the Gospel
- Opening verses of the Gospels...
 - Matthew: "...son of David, son of Abraham."
 - Mark: "...as it is written in Isaiah..."
 - Luke: "...in the Spirit and power of Elijah..."
 - **John**: Genesis 1, "...in the words of Isaiah the prophet..."

What Jesus Taught

- The Rich Man and Lazarus: Luke 16:19-31
- Road to Emmaus: Luke 24:25
- Luke 24:36
- Matthew 5:17
- John 5:39

Verification of the Truth of the Gospel

- 1. Revelation of God, the prophetic word
 - Deut 13, 18:9-22; Isaiah 41:21-23, 48:1-6
- 2. The miraculous.
- 3. Eyewitness/reliable records.
- 4. Personal experience of the divine work.

Proof Techniques

- Mathematical proof
 - Axioms/Premises → Logic/Reasoning → Theorem/Conclusion
- Scientific proof
 - Observation, hypothesis, experimentation
 - Hypothesis becomes theory; must be predictive, quantifiable, repeatable, and <u>falsifiable</u>. Theory synonymous with fact in scientific parlance.
- Direct evidence: e.g., eye witness
- Circumstantial evidence: e.g., forensic evidence
- Historical evidence

General and Special Revelation

General Revelation

 Psalm 19:1-6, Romans 1:19-20. Creation as witness to the existence and character of a Creator.

Special Revelation

- Psalm 19:6-14. God explicitly making Himself known through revealed Law.
- Internally consistent, timeless, and prophetic.

Faith

- Faith (Hebrews 11:1-3): a belief and hope in the unseen.
 - Belief in God's existence, and that He rewards those who seek Him (Hebrews 11).
- Christ's righteousness becomes our righteousness through faith (Genesis 15:6)

Type / Antitype

- type (τύπος) (e.g., Adam in Romans 5:14)
 - lit. a mark formed by a blow or impression.
 - prototype or archetype of that which is yet to be developed and revealed.
- antitype: the object that is foreshadowed by its counterpart type.
- A type can be a person (Adam), a place (Egypt), a thing (brazen serpent), an event (rock in the wilderness), an office (prophet) or an institution (Passover).
- The book of Hebrews is a great source for revealing types ("shadows" or imperfect "copies") and antitypes. See Hebrews 8:5 and 10:1 for great examples.

Types in Scripture

Type	Antitype	Reference
Adam	Christ	Romans 5:14
Melchizedek	Christ as King/Priest	Hebrews 5,6,7
Sodom / Egypt / Babylon	The World	Jeremiah 51:6, Revelation 11:8, 18:4
Brazen Serpent	Christ lifted on cross	Num 21:8; John 3:14
Jacob's Ladder	Christ as way to Heaven	Gen 28:12, John 1:51
Rock in Wilderness	Christ	Exod 17:6, 1 Cor 1-:4
Passover	Sacrifice of Lamb	Exod12, 1 Cor 5:7
Sabbath	Rest in Christ	Colossians 2:16,17

Direct vs Typical Prophecy

- Direct / Explicit prophecy
 - Micah 5:2 Bethlehem = birthplace
 - Malachi 3:1, 4:5,6: messenger, forerunner
 - Zechariah 9:9: King will come on a donkey
- Typical Prophecy
 - People, places, events, ... are divinely orchestrated models, previews, or pictures of the future Messiah.
 - Tabernacle as a pattern: Exodus 25:8,9,40

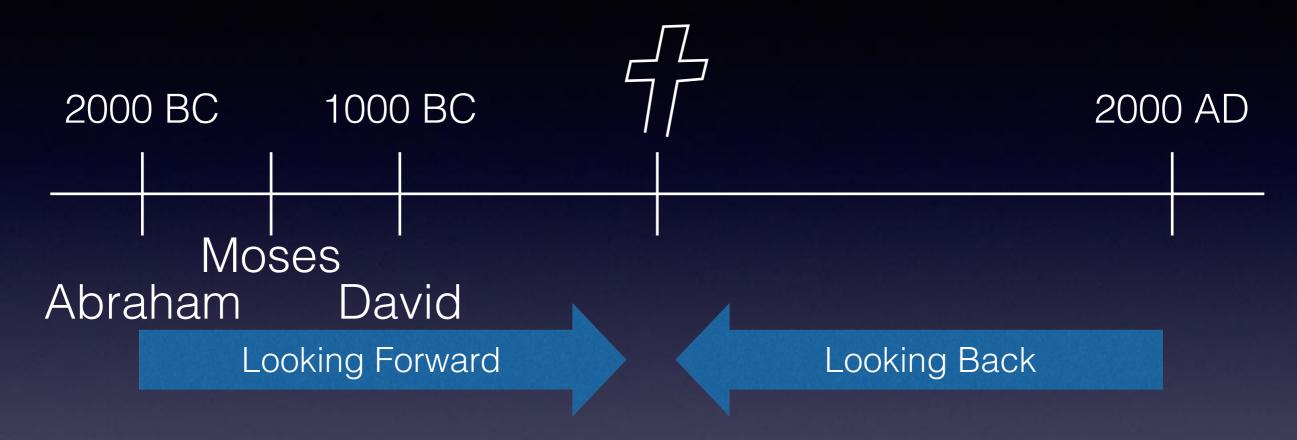
Explicit Messianic Prophecies in the Pentateuch

- 1. Genesis 3:15 The promise of the coming seed after The Fall.
- 2. Genesis 9:25-27* God will dwell in the tents with Shem
- 3. Genesis 12:1-3. etc... Abrahamic covenant
- 4. Genesis 49: 8-12 Judah
- 5. Numbers 24:15-19 Oracle of Balaam
- 6. Deuteronomy 18:15, 18 The Prophet

The Gospel According to Abraham

- Abraham is a major figure in Scripture.
 - Approximately 268 verses reference
- Original recipient of the God's covenant with Israel
- Friend of God James 2:23, 2 Chr 20:7, Isa 41:8
- Paul, James (James 2:23), and Hebrews use him as the key example of living by faith.
 - Genesis 15:6: Watershed verse used Rom 4, Gal 3, James 2:23.
 - Abraham obeyed God's commandments (Gen 26:5). What commandments?
- Father of the Jewish nation.
 - "Ab" = "father", "ram" = "high", "raham" = "of multitudes.

2000 Years from The Cross



- Our faith rests on an event that occurred 2000 years ago.
 - "Where is the promise if His coming?" 2 Peter 3:4
- Abraham's faith was ultimately in an event that was 2000 years into the future! "...it shall be provided." Gen 22:8
- "many prophets and righteous people longed to see what you see" Matthew 13:16
- Examples that are to teach us. 1 Corinthians 10:11, Romans 15:4

Covenants

Covenant	Mediator	Scripture
The Promise	Abraham	Genesis 12, 15,
Old Covenant The Law	Moses	Exodus 19-24
The King	David	2 Samuel 7
New Covenant	Jesus	Jeremiah 31:31-34

The Birth of Isaac Genesis 21:1-7

- Miracle Birth of Isaac Sarah is well past child bearing age.
- The promised Son though which the whole world would be blessed (Galatians 3:16).
- The Father's only Son, the beloved Son
 - Genesis 22:2,9,16
 - John 3:16, Matt 3:17, Matt 17:5, Luke 20:13

The Sacrifice of Isaac Genesis 22

- "Take your son, your only son Isaac, whom you love, and go to the land of Moriah, and offer him there as a burnt offering on one of the mountains of which I shall tell you." Genesis 22:2
 - "Only son" Hebrews 11:17, John 3:16
- Abraham has already left his home country and family is now willing to sacrifice his son (even though he believes he will receive him back).
 - "Whoever finds his life will lose it, and whoever loses his life for my sake will find it." Matthew 10:39

Mt. Moriah

- The sacrifice is to take place on the mountains of Moriah.
- There is where the Temple will be built, Jerusalem (2 Chronicles 3:1,2).
- Melchizedek, King of (Jeru)salem (Gen 14:8) indicates there was a city already there.

The Sacrifice of Isaac

- Isaac carries the wood for the sacrifice
 - (Gen 22:6, Jn. 19:17-18)
- Resurrection is expected
 - "I and the boy will go over there and worship and come again to you" (Gen 22:5, Heb 11:19)
- The obedience of the Son (Gen. 22:6-9, Phil. 2:5-8; Heb. 5:7-8)
- Bound His Son (Gen 22:9)
 - Psalm 118:27 Last Psalm before Passover (Matt 26:30; Mark 14:26)
 - Psalms 113-118 Passover Liturgy
- He did not spare His own Son (Gen 22:16, Romans 8:32)